City of Newaygo Newaygo County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

June 30, 2024



City of Newaygo

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Newaygo Newaygo, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Newaygo, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Newaygo, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Newaygo, Michigan, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Newaygo, Michigan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Newaygo, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements—Continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Newaygo, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Newaygo, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Newaygo Page 3

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements—Continued

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Newaygo, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Newaygo, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Newaygo, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Newaygo, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Muskegon, Michigan October 22, 2024

The City Manager and staff of the City of Newaygo present to the readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage you to consider the information presented in the financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Some financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 include the following:

- The City completed various paving or repair projects on several streets, drives, and lots during the year for approximately \$310,000. Repairs included an epoxy coat on the Bridge St. bridge.
- Some vehicles and equipment were purchased totaling approximately \$160,000. Some used or obsolete equipment was sold. Proceeds from the sales totaled approximately \$80,000.
- ➤ The General Fund fund balance increased by approximately \$40,000 for the year mostly due to less than expected expenditures for the year.
- ➤ Water system design work of approximately \$60,000 was completed during the year. The design work relates to new water service lines throughout town and a new water main on W. Water St.
- Regarding the sewer system, approximately \$165,000 was spent to upgrade an old lift station on M82 near Edgeview apartments.
- ➤ In order to create a focal point and pocket park in the center of downtown Newaygo to enhance the function and beauty of the area, the City acquired land/building at 8 W. State Rd for approximately \$270,000. A new metal roof was installed on the old powerhouse building in Riverfront Park for approximately \$120,000, which was entirely paid for by grant funds. Sidewalk design and construction work totaled approximately \$55,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) notes to the financial statements and 3) fund financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows or resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods. In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into three kinds of activities:

- ➤ Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety, public works, general administration, community and economic development, and culture and recreation. Property taxes and state shared revenues finance most of these activities.
- > Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services provided. The City's water and sewer systems are reported here.
- ➤ Component unit activities Component units are separate legal entities for which the City of Newaygo has some level of financial accountability. The City has two component units, the Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA) and Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA). TIFA and LDFA exist primarily for the issuance and repayment of debt to finance improvement projects in specific areas of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant City funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council has established several other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City has the following kinds of funds:

- Sovernmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds in reconciliation along with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's enterprise and internal service funds are proprietary funds. The City's water and sewer operations comprise the enterprise funds. The Equipment Pool is the only internal service fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail with additional information, such as a statement of cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statements of net position and statement of change in net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the major funds.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis of the government-wide financials focuses mainly on two things, net position (Statement of Net Position) and changes in net position (Statement of Activities) of the City's governmental and business-type activities. The Component Units (TIFA and LDFA) are not included in these figures.

Net Position

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net position for the City of Newaygo. As stated earlier, the net position may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of June 30, 2024, the City's net position from governmental activities totaled approximately \$7,126,000 and \$9,497,000 from business-type activities, creating a total government-wide net position total of approximately \$16,623,000.

In examining the composition of net position, the reader should note that net position for governmental activities are mostly invested in capital assets (i.e., streets, buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.). These assets are used to provide services to the City's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. Net investment in capital assets is approximately \$4,234,000. Restricted net position, those restricted mainly for streets and highways, debt service, and capital projects were approximately \$1,432,000. The unrestricted net position for governmental-type activities is approximately \$1,460,000. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

Some of the more significant changes in activities from last year are as follows:

For governmental activities, capital assets increased due to current year capital asset additions exceeding depreciation.

For business activities, current assets and other assets increased primarily due to building cash reserves in preparation for a water system project. Capital assets decreased due to current year depreciation exceeding capital asset additions.

Net position (in thousands) as of June 30, 2024 follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business Activities				Total				
	- 2	2024		2023		2024		2023	-	2024		2023
Current assets and												
other assets	\$	3,460	\$	3,469	\$	2,527	\$	2,083	\$	5,987	\$	5,552
Capital assets		4,235		3,838		14,249		14,523		18,484		18,361
Total assets		7,695	<u> </u>	7,307		16,776		16,606	<u> </u>	24,471		23,913
Current liabilities		150		166		423		395		573		561
Noncurrent liabilities		14		15		6,856		7,076		6,870		7,091
Deferred inflows		405		442		-		-		405		442
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		569		623		7,279		7,471		7,848		8,094
Net position												
Net investment in												
capital assets		4,234		3,832		7,088		7,246		11,322		11,078
Restricted		1,432		1,471		704		589		2,136		2,060
Unrestricted		1,460		1,381		1,705		1,300		3,165		2,681
Total net position	\$	7,126	\$	6,684	\$	9,497	\$	9,135	\$	16,623	\$	15,819

Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

Regarding revenues, charges for services increased due to more cemetery lot sales, more reimbursements, and more revenue for school resource officer from local units. Operating grants and contributions increased primarily due to increased state contributions for school resource officer and a state grant for repaving Croton Rd. Capital grants and contributions increased primarily due to more grant funds received for public works projects (i.e. roads and buildings). Grants and contributions not restricted increased primarily due to larger distributions from component units (TIFA and LDFA).

Regarding expenses, general government increased mostly due to more legal expenses and a public safety study. Public safety increased due to more wages, technology, and training costs. Public works increased due sidewalk design work and higher road maintenance expenses. Culture and recreation increased due to more activity and maintenance in the parks.

Business-Type Activities

Regarding revenues, capital grants and contributions increased due to contributions from component units and more connection fees.

Sewer expenses did not have a significant change. Water expenses decreased primarily due to completion of a project to inventory water service lines in the prior year.

Changes in net position (in thousands) as of June 30, follows:

	Gov	vernment	tal Ac	tivities		Business	Activities To			otal		
	2	024		2023	- 2	2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenues:										<u></u>		
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	408	\$	366	\$	1,303	\$	1,315	\$	1,711	\$	1,681
Operating grants and												
contributions		689		507		-		-		689		507
Capital grants and												
contributions		443		275		472		183		915		458
General revenues												
Property taxes		348		325		-		-		348		325
Franchise fees		14		17		-		-		14		17
Grants and contributions												
not restricted		777		729		-		-		777		729
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		90		67		77		36		167		103
Other		76		83		-		-		76		83
Total revenues		2,845		2,369		1,852		1,534		4,697		3,903
Expenses:												
General government		559		461		_		_		559		461
Public safety		736		629		_		_		736		629
Public works		820		706		_		-		820		706
Community and economic												
development		74		60		-		-		74		60
Culture and recreation		214		177		-		-		214		177
Sewer		-		-		745		764		745		764
Water		-		-		745		874		745		874
Total expenses		2,403		2,033		1,490		1,638		3,893		3,671
Change in net position		442		336		362		(104)		804		232
Net position - Beginning		6,684		6,348		9,135		9,239		15,819		15,587
Net position - Ending	\$	7,126	\$	6,684	\$	9,497	\$	9,135	\$	16,623	\$	15,819

ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2024, the City governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,417,268. This number represents the fund balance of \$985,309 in the General Fund and \$1,431,959 in other governmental funds. The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents what is available for spending at the City's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. During the current fiscal year, the General Fund saw a fund balance increase of \$42,453.

Enterprise Funds

The City's Enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. In the financial statements, Sewer Fund and Water Fund are grouped together as "Enterprise Funds". As of June 30, 2024, unrestricted net position of the Sewer Fund and Water Fund were \$702,007 and \$929,613 respectively.

The largest single expense item for the Water and Sewer Funds is depreciation expense. With large infrastructure improvements and equipment purchases in the last few years, the City has more and newer capital assets that are depreciated each year.

Component Units

TIFA finances many of the City's infrastructure projects through property tax revenues and debt issuance, but TIFA normally does not own any of the improvements. The TIFA had an increase in net position of \$126,418. TIFA continues to assist the City with various infrastructure projects. TIFA also owns and operates a facility that serves as a co-working & office space, business incubator, and economic development hub for the area. TIFA debt was refinanced at an interest rate of 1.85% in fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and is scheduled to be paid off by 2030. Prior interest rates were as high as 7%.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City Council made some budget amendments to the General Fund budget. Revenue amendments primarily related to increased state and component unit grants, more charges for services, higher than expected interest, greater material sales, cemetery lot sales, and reimbursements. For expenses, amendments related to a public safety study, increased legal and personnel costs, an economic development project, and improvements/activity in public works and parks.

The final amended budget to actual showed some budget variances. Regarding revenues, more than expected contributions from local units were received as well as reimbursements. Regarding expenditures, City offices, cemetery, and public works expenses were less than expected due to lower activity.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the City had \$18,484,381, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, public safety equipment, roads, parks and water and sewer infrastructure. This represents an increase of \$123,166 from last year. This increase was primarily the result of capital asset additions exceeding depreciation. The City had a number of capital asset additions during the year including, but not limited to, street paving, and purchase of vehicles and equipment.

	G	overnment	tal A	ctivities	Business Activities					Total			
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Land	\$	527,102	\$	425,690	\$	429,500	\$	429,500	\$	956,602	\$	855,190	
Land improvements		148,880		177,727		-		-		148,880		177,727	
Building and improvements		754,458		463,851		-		-		754,458		463,851	
Furniture, vehicles and equipment		522,819		541,096		28,041		30,873		550,860		571,969	
Infrastructure		2,282,217		2,229,971		13,535,010		14,032,507		15,817,227		16,262,478	
Construction in progress		-		-		256,354		30,000		256,354		30,000	
Total	\$ 4	,235,476	\$ 3	3,838,335	\$1	4,248,905	\$1	4,522,880	\$ 18	8,484,381	\$1	8,361,215	

Additional information on capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2024, the City had \$7,162,910 in long-term debt outstanding. This amount is comprised of many different debt obligations, most of which is attributed to debts on infrastructure for water and sanitary sewer systems.

	Go	ve rnme nt	tal A	Activities	Business	Ac ₁	tivities		To	otal		
		2024	2023 2024 2023		2024		2023					
Revenue bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,823,000	\$	7,006,000	\$	6,823,000	\$	7,006,000	
General obligation bonds		-		-	242,000		271,000		242,000		271,000	
Capital lease		1,309		6,533	-		-		1,309		6,533	
Compensated absences		66,216		58,980	30,385		33,256		96,601		92,236	
Total	\$	67,525	\$	65,513	\$ 7,095,385	\$	7,310,256	\$	7,162,910	\$	7,375,769	

In addition to the City's debt, the TIFA component unit had outstanding long-term debt totaling \$900,000. The debt is for a building owned by TIFA that serves as a business incubator, co-working & office space, and economic development hub. Debt issued by the component unit is typically secured by the limited full faith and credit of the City and so it is an important consideration in assessing the City's overall fiscal health.

Additional information concerning long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

GENERAL ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

The City depends on four major sources of income to fund operations: local property taxes, state shared revenues from sales tax, state street funds, and water and sewer utility fees. Clearly, discussion of the City's financial outlook must center on these major income sources.

Local Property Tax

The current 2024-25 City budget maintains the existing City millage rate of 17.75. The City continues to evaluate the City millage amount as part of an on-going effort by the City Council and staff to levy an appropriate tax that generates revenues sufficient to cover community operations and projects, and promote economic growth. The property tax values for real property are expected to rise due to high inflation and increased economic activity and continued high demand for housing.

The City of Newaygo in partnership with The Right Place, Inc. continues to work diligently toward economic growth. Good managed growth will add to the tax revenue of the City and help to reduce the tax burden on each individual taxpayer of the City while improving the quality of life for all citizens. Several new houses have been completed that will add to the City's tax revenue. A broadband company built a facility in the City's industrial park and an office building was completed on M37 which creates more jobs for the area and generates new tax revenue. Looking forward, a restaurant downtown and some new homes and apartments are expected during the next year. Besides promotion, the City continues to work on beautification of structures and spaces. The downtown social zone is also being expanded and a pocket park is proposed for the corner of M37 and Quarterline Rd. These will generate more economic activity for the community. In addition, the Stream Building is an innovative office complex located in downtown Newaygo. It is a multi-purpose facility with various working environments. It serves as a business incubator, co-working and remote work space, and a talent development center with staff focused on economic development. This facility will encourage economic growth for the community through education, job creation, and allowing people to remain in the community to work and recreate. These items will influence the need for housing and commercial property which will affect local property tax revenues. Positive results have been seen as approximately 200 new dwelling units have been built in town over the last couple years. More dwelling units are expected in the coming years.

Another factor influencing property tax revenues is Proposal A (1994). The statewide tax reform act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5%. Because certain properties may increase in value by less than inflation, the result is that the City's total taxable value may grow less than inflation. In addition, almost the entire City is part of a TIFA district. This means that most of the tax revenue available to the General Fund for City operations is capped at a certain amount. This has been true since the formation of the TIFA District back in 1985. However, the Riverbank Project land on the west end of the City is not located in the TIFA district and, if developed, will bring more revenue to the General Fund.

State Shared Revenues

State shared revenues are based on sales tax revenues. Part of the distribution formula is based on population. The 2020 census showed an increase in the City population by approximately 500 people. With new housing continuing to be built in the City, population is expected to increase thereby resulting in more revenue for the City. Revenues have increased the last couple years. Recent inflation may affect the economy moving forward. Management continues to monitor this situation and the affect any changes will have on the City's budget. Currently, State shared sales tax revenues represent approximately 20% of total General Fund revenues.

Street Funds

The State of Michigan also returns to the City a share of gasoline tax revenues to help fund maintenance and construction of major and local streets and sidewalks in the City. The current formula is largely based off of gallons of fuel used. Fuel usage is expected to decline as newer vehicles are more fuel efficient and electric vehicles becoming more popular. During the 2024-25 fiscal year, sidewalks may be added to some streets and repaired on others. Several roads will be repaired using "chip sealing" or paving. These projects are expected to be paid for partly with TIFA funds, since funding received from state fuel tax is not adequate to cover the costs of major repairs or new construction.

Water and Sewer Fees

The City continues to make improvements in equipment and infrastructure to reduce costs and improve efficiency to prolong the life of the water and sewer systems and reduce the overall burden to users of the system.

In 2020 work was completed at the Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) to replace lagoon liners that have reached the end of their life. Improvements to sewage lift stations and sewer mains/manholes were completed as well. The total project cost was approximately \$6.0 million. The City received assistance from the federal government (USDA Rural Development) to pay for the project.

In 2022, work was completed on new water mains to upgrade/replace old water mains along M37 between East St and Water St. Most of the project was paid for from fund balance. A portion (\$300,000) of the project is financed. The total project cost was approximately \$1,400,000.

In 2024, a water pressure booster station was upgraded to maintain better pressure to the many homes recently constructed in River Hills Estates. A backup generator was also added. In addition, an old sewer lift station on M82 near Edgeview apartments was modernized.

Looking forward, the City is preparing to replace approximately 250 water service lines throughout town and replace a water main on W. Wood St that is approximately 70-80 years old.

Miscellaneous

The City is doing a number of things to exercise good fiscal responsibility. The City operates various maintenance or replacement programs for vehicles, heavy machinery and office equipment in order to keep maintenance expenses down and to eliminate large capital outlays for wide spread replacements. Lastly, the City recognizes the value of its employees and the need for good, well trained, professional people that exhibit leadership and a positive attitude. With this in mind the City has increased its focus on training, safety, risk management, and people skills. This focus has led to greater operational efficiencies that allows the City to provide quality services with less personnel.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designated to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Office at 28 State Road, PO Box 308, Newaygo, Michigan 49337 or call (231) 652-1657 or visit the City website at www.newaygocity.org.

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,000,193	\$ 1,521,939	\$ 4,522,132	\$ 956,553
Receivables				
Accounts	49,417	132,575	181,992	2,533
Leases	30,190	-	30,190	-
Due from other governmental units	119,918	-	119,918	-
Internal balances	(137,370)	137,370	-	-
Inventories	<u> </u>	31,556	31,556	<u>-</u>
Total current assets	3,062,348	1,823,440	4,885,788	959,086
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and investments	-	703,686	703,686	-
Leases receivable	398,021	-	398,021	-
Capital assets, net				
Nondepreciable	527,102	685,854	1,212,956	145,733
Depreciable	3,708,374	13,563,051	17,271,425	1,507,156
Total noncurrent assets	4,633,497	14,952,591	19,586,088	1,652,889
Total assets	7,695,845	16,776,031	24,471,876	2,611,975
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	97,006	181,998	279,004	27,429
Due to other governmental units	-	1,335	1,335	-
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	53,309	239,800	293,109	140,000
Total current liabilities	150,315	423,133	573,448	167,429
Noncurrent liabilities				
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due				
within one year	14,216	6,855,585	6,869,801	751,236
Total liabilities	164,531	7,278,718	7,443,249	918,665
	104,331	7,270,710	7,443,249	710,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to leases	405,037	-	405,037	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred				
inflows of resources	569,568	7,278,718	7,848,286	918,665
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	4,234,167	7,088,437	11,322,604	761,653
Restricted	4,234,107	7,000,437	11,322,004	701,033
Streets and highways	1,091,536		1,091,536	
Debt service	1,071,550	- 194,547	194,547	-
Capital projects	308,772	194,347 445,339	194,347 754,111	-
Shopping district	25,930	445,559	25,930	-
Snopping district Building inspection	25,930 5,721	-	25,930 5,721	-
Unrestricted	5,721 1,460,151	1,768,990	3,229,141	931,657
Total net position	\$ 7,126,277	\$ 9,497,313	\$ 16,623,590	\$1,693,310
1 otal net position	φ 1,12U,211	क ७,५७/,७13	Φ 10,023,390	\$1,073,310

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2024

								Net (Expen	se) Revenue and	l Changes in Ne	t Position	
					ogram Revenue	•		Pr	imary Governme	nt		
			arges for		erating Grants		apital Grants	Governmental			Component	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	S	ervices	and	Contributions	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
Primary government												
Governmental activities				_								
General government	\$ 559,233	\$	161,402	\$	23,425	\$	-	\$ (374,406)	\$ -	\$ (374,406)	\$ -	
Public safety	735,632		116,972		160,536		-	(458,124)	-	(458,124)	-	
Public works	819,926		71,883		504,745		443,264	199,966	-	199,966	-	
Community and economic development	74,251		48,227		-		-	(26,024)	-	(26,024)	-	
Culture and recreation	214,254		9,676				-	(204,578)	-	(204,578)	-	
Total governmental activities	2,403,296		408,160		688,706		443,264	(863,166)	-	(863,166)	-	
Business-type activities												
Sewer	744,783		574,994		-		132,667	-	(37,122)	(37,122)	-	
Water	743,530		728,084				339,336	-	323,890	323,890	-	
Total business-type activities	1,488,313		1,303,078		-		472,003		286,768	286,768		
Total primary government	\$3,891,609	\$ 1	1,711,238	\$	688,706	\$	915,267	(863,166)	286,768	(576,398)	-	
Component units												
Tax Increment Finance Authority	\$ 1,630,093	\$	149,599	\$	_	\$	-	_	-	_	(1,480,494)	
Local Development Finance Authority	257,845				-		-				(257,845)	
Total component units	\$1,887,938	\$	149,599	\$	-	\$		-	-	-	(1,738,339)	
General revenues												
Property taxes								347,763	-	347,763	1,448,848	
Franchise fees								14,372	-	14,372	-	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specif	ric programs							777,367	-	777,367	316,196	
Unrestricted investment earnings								90,160	76,604	166,764	79,863	
Gain on sale of capital assets								31,907	-	31,907	-	
Miscellaneous								44,002	-	44,002	-	
Total general revenues								1,305,571	76,604	1,382,175	1,844,907	
Change in net position								442,405	363,372	805,777	106,568	
Net position at beginning of year								6,683,872	9,133,941	15,817,813	1,586,742	
Net position at end of year								\$ 7,126,277	\$ 9,497,313	\$16,623,590	\$1,693,310	

City of Newaygo
BALANCE SHEET
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Major Streets Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 914,027	\$ 703,648	\$ 288,460	\$	413,041	\$	2,319,176
Accounts receivable	45,044	-	-		4,373		49,417
Due from other governmental units	51,658	51,405	-		16,855		119,918
Lease receivable	 428,211	-	=		-		428,211
Total assets	\$ 1,438,940	\$ 755,053	\$ 288,460	\$	434,269	\$	2,916,722
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 18,489	\$ 23,158	\$ -	\$	20,519	\$	62,166
Accrued liabilities	 30,105	814	-		1,332		32,251
Total liabilities	48,594	23,972	-		21,851		94,417
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to leases	405,037	-	-		-		405,037
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted							
Streets and highways	-	731,081	-		360,455		1,091,536
Shopping district	-	=	-		25,930		25,930
Building inspection	-	-	-		5,721		5,721
Capital projects	-	-	288,460		20,312		308,772
Assigned—subsequent year's budget appropriations	45,080	=	=		-		45,080
Unassigned	 940,229	-	-		-		940,229
Total fund balances	 985,309	731,081	288,460		412,418		2,417,268
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,438,940	\$ 755,053	\$ 288,460	\$	434,269	\$	2,916,722

City of Newaygo RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total fund balances—governmental funds		\$ 2,417,268
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$10,894,895	
Accumulated depreciation	(7,150,451)	3,744,444
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		(66,216)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		
internal service funds are reported with the governmental activities in the		
Statement of Net Position.		
Net position of the internal service funds	1,168,151	
Internal balances representing the cumulative difference between		
actual costs and amounts charged to business-type activities	(137,370)	1,030,781
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,126,277

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Major Streets Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 347,763	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 347,763
Licenses and permits	25,095	-	-	-	25,095
Intergovernmental revenues					
Federal	3,116	-	-	-	3,116
State	388,634	386,372	121,814	105,127	1,001,947
Local	537,578	69,792	146,907	-	754,277
Charges for services	322,117	-	-	98,280	420,397
Fines and forfeitures	13,232	-	-	-	13,232
Investment earnings	39,935	20,584	-	10,966	71,485
Other	86,980	180	-	33,245	120,405
Total revenues	1,764,450	476,928	268,721	247,618	2,757,717
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	526,935	-	-	-	526,935
Public safety	719,916	-	_	-	719,916
Public works	269,472	381,062	-	193,702	844,236
Community and economic development	23,846	-	-	50,405	74,251
Culture and recreation	175,535	-	-	-	175,535
Capital outlay	6,293	-	394,404	12,424	413,121
Total expenditures	1,721,997	381,062	394,404	256,531	2,753,994
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	42,453	95,866	(125,683)	(8,913)	3,723
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	_	_	20,000	20,000
Transfers out	-	(20,000)	-		(20,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(20,000)	-	20,000	-
Net change in fund balances	42,453	75,866	(125,683)	11,087	3,723
Fund balances at beginning of year	942,856	655,215	414,143	401,331	2,413,545
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 985,309	\$ 731,081	\$ 288,460	\$ 412,418	\$ 2,417,268

${\bf City\ of\ Newaygo}$ ${\bf RECONCILIATION\ OF\ THE\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND}$ CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$ 3,723
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Depreciation expense	\$ (370,396)	
Capital outlay	772,806	402,410
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in compensated absences		(7,236)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment used to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		(7,230)
Change in net position of the internal service fund	40,502	
Change in internal balances representing the current year difference	• • • •	40.700
between actual costs and amounts charged to business-type activities	3,006	 43,508
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 442,405

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Rusiness_tvi	pe Activities - Ente	ernrise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal
	Sewer	Water	Total	Service Fund
ASSETS Current assets	Sewei	Water		Service I unu
Cash and investments	\$ 670,102	\$ 851,837	\$ 1,521,939	\$ 681,016
Accounts receivable	54,878	77,697	132,575	-
Inventories	2,891	28,665	31,556	
Total current assets	727,871	958,199	1,686,070	681,016
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and investments Capital assets	291,212	412,474	703,686	-
Land	429,500	-	429,500	-
Utility systems	13,609,830	9,630,056	23,239,886	-
Vehicles and equipment	202,908	101,538	304,446	1,315,604
Construction in progress	168,957	87,397	256,354	(924.572)
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,898,642)	(4,082,639)	(9,981,281)	(824,572)
Net capital assets	8,512,553	5,736,352	14,248,905	491,032
Total noncurrent assets	8,803,765	6,148,826	14,952,591	491,032
Total assets	9,531,636	7,107,025	16,638,661	1,172,048
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	98,549	6,183	104,732	2,387
Accrued liabilities	35,570	41,696	77,266	201
Due to other governmental units	-	1,335	1,335	-
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	91,300	148,500	239,800	1,309
•	-			
Total current liabilities	225,419	197,714	423,133	3,897
Noncurrent liabilities Bonds and other obligations, less				
amounts due within one year	3,137,484	3,718,101	6,855,585	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	3,362,903	3,915,815	7,278,718	3,897
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	5,205,514	1,882,923	7,088,437	489,723
Debt service	64,967	129,580	194,547	-
Capital projects	196,245	249,094	445,339	-
Unrestricted	702,007	929,613	1,631,620	678,428
Total net position	\$ 6,168,733	\$ 3,191,210	9,359,943	\$ 1,168,151
Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balances for the net effect of the activity between the internal			427.000	
service fund and the enterprise funds over time			137,370	
Net position of business type activities			\$ 9,497,313	

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Bı	usiness-type	Acti	ivities - Ent	erpri	ise Funds	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal
		Sewer		Water		Total	Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES				_				
Charges for services	\$	573,589	\$	712,851	\$	1,286,440	\$	308,476
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administration		105,114		132,972		238,086		-
Operations		292,098		301,516		593,614		204,353
Depreciation		273,614		226,715		500,329		114,203
Total operating expenses		670,826		661,203		1,332,029		318,556
Operating income (loss)		(97,237)		51,648		(45,589)		(10,080)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings		35,001		41,602		76,603		18,675
Other revenues		81,925		305,233		387,158		-
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		=		-		31,907
Interest expense		(72,432)		(80,845)		(153,277)		
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		44,494		265,990		310,484		50,582
Income (loss) before contributions		(52,743)		317,638		264,895		40,502
Capital contributions		52,147		49,336		101,483		
Change in net position		(596)		366,974		366,378		40,502
Net position at beginning of year		6,169,329		2,824,236				1,127,649
Net position at end of year	\$	6,168,733	\$:	3,191,210			\$	1,168,151
Adjustment for the net effect of the current year active between the internal service fund and the enterprise		s				(3,006)		
Change in net position of business-type activities					\$	363,372		

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Funds For year end June 30, 2024

	Rusiness_tvn	e Ac	tivities - Ent	ernri	se Funds	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal
	 Sewer	· At	Water	cipii	Total		rvice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payment for interfund services used	\$ 572,860 2,768 (163,311) (204,096) (59,282)	\$	727,588 8,567 (152,331) (222,606) (63,857)	\$	1,300,448 11,335 (315,642) (426,702) (123,139)	\$	308,476 (167,939) (28,052) (8,750)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	148,939		297,361		446,300		103,735
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE Purchases of capital assets Capital contributions Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 (77,917) 134,072 (80,000) (72,932)		(93,869) 354,569 (132,000) (82,045)		(171,786) 488,641 (212,000) (154,977)		(158,760) - (5,224) - 81,733
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(96,777)		46,655		(50,122)		(82,251)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings	 35,001		41,602		76,603		18,675
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	87,163		385,618		472,781		40,159
Cash and investments at beginning of year	874,151		878,693		1,752,844		640,857
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 961,314	\$	1,264,311	\$	2,225,625	\$	681,016
Reconciliation of cash and investments to the Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 670,102 291,212	\$	851,837 412,474	\$	1,521,939 703,686	\$	681,016
	\$ 961,314	\$	1,264,311	\$	2,225,625	\$	681,016
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (97,237)	\$	51,648	\$	(45,589)	\$	(10,080)
Depreciation expense	273,614		226,715		500,329		114,203
Change in assets and liabilities Receivables Due from other governmental units Accounts payable Due to component units	2,039 - (29,168) - (290)		9,799 13,505 (6,896) 1,335		11,838 13,505 (36,064) 1,335		(309)
Accrued liabilities	 (309)	•	1,255	•	946	•	(79)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 148,939	\$	297,361	\$	446,300	\$	103,735

City of Newaygo **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

			Custodial Funds						
	Total Custodial Funds		_	Tax ollection Agency	llection Maintenance		Newaygo Community Recreation Authorit		
ASSETS						<u></u> _			
Cash and investments	\$	47,825	\$	10,460	\$	2,279	\$	35,086	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		6,900		-		-		6,900	
Due to other governmental units		10,460		10,460		-			
Total liabilities		17,360		10,460				6,900	
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals,									
organizations and other governments	\$	30,465	\$	-	\$	2,279	\$	28,186	

City of Newaygo **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Fiduciary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2024

			Custodial Funds					
	Total Custodial Funds			Joint Tax Maintenar Collection City/Libra		intenance	C	Newaygo ommunity ation Authority
ADDITIONS							•	
Property tax collections for other governments	\$	2,456,475	\$	2,456,475	\$	-	\$	-
Collections on behalf of others		55,379		-		2,000		53,379
Investment earnings		1,369		-		-		1,369
Total additions		2,513,223		2,456,475		2,000		54,748
DEDUCTIONS								
Payments of property taxes to other governments		2,456,475		2,456,475		-		-
Payments on behalf of others		70,093		-		18,924		51,169
Total deductions		2,526,568		2,456,475		18,924		51,169
Change in net position		(13,345)		-		(16,924)		3,579
Net position at beginning of year		43,810		-		19,203		24,607
Net position at end of year	\$	30,465	\$	_	\$	2,279	\$	28,186

City of Newaygo **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2024

	Tax Increment Finance Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 677,150	\$ 279,403	\$ 956,553
Accounts receivable	2,533	-	2,533
Total current assets	679,683	279,403	959,086
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net			
Nondepreciable	145,733	-	145,733
Depreciable	1,507,156	-	1,507,156
Net capital assets	1,652,889	-	1,652,889
Total assets	2,332,572	279,403	2,611,975
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	27,429	-	27,429
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	140,000	-	140,000
Total current liabilities	167,429	-	167,429
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	751,236	-	751,236
Total liabilities	918,665	-	918,665
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	761,653	-	761,653
Unrestricted	652,254	279,403	931,657
Total net position	\$ 1,413,907	\$ 279,403	\$ 1,693,310

City of Newaygo STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Discretely Presented Component Units For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net **Position** Tax Local **Program Revenue Increment Development** Charges for Finance **Finance Authority Authority** Total Functions/Programs Expenses **Services** Tax Increment Finance Authority \$ General government 246,097 (246,097)(246,097)Public works 727,868 (727,868)(727,868)Community and economic development 238,442 149,599 (88,843)(88,843)Distributions to other taxing authorities 400,000 (400,000)(400,000)Interest on long-term debt 17,686 (17,686)(17,686)1,630,093 149,599 (1,480,494)Total Tax Increment Finance Authority (1,480,494)Local Development Finance Authority General government 10,000 (10,000)(10,000)Community and economic development 27,256 (27,256)(27,256)Distributions to other taxing authorities 220,589 (220,589)(220,589)Total Local Development Finance Authority 257,845 (257,845)(257,845)\$ Total discretely presented component units \$ 1,887,938 149,599 (1,480,494)(257,845)(1,738,339)General revenues Property taxes 1,221,999 226,849 1,448,848 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 316,196 316,196 Unrestricted investment earnings 68,717 11,146 79,863 Total general revenues 1,606,912 237,995 1,844,907 Change in net position 126,418 (19,850)106,568 Net position at beginning of year 1,287,489 299,253 1,586,742 Net position at end of year \$ 1,413,907 279,403 \$ 1,693,310

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Newaygo (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six member City Council with an elected mayor and is administered by a City Manager appointed by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA). The LDFA's purpose is the collection of tax increment revenues, the issuance and repayment of debt and the construction of public facilities to promote and facilitate economic growth in the LDFA's boundaries. Board members of the LDFA are appointed by the City Council, but the LDFA operates as a separate entity. The LDFA can authorize and issue debt independent from the City. The LDFA is presented as a governmental fund type.

Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA). The TIFA's purpose is the collection of tax increment revenues, the issuance and repayment of debt and the construction of public facilities to promote and facilitate economic growth in the TIFA's boundaries. Board members of the TIFA are appointed by the City Council, but the TIFA operates as a separate entity. The TIFA can authorize and issue debt independent from the City. The TIFA is presented as a governmental fund type.

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the City's discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements—Continued

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the inter-fund services provided and other charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Streets Fund accounts for money distributed by the State of Michigan for construction and maintenance of major streets within the City.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the activity on capital improvement projects to which the City allocates money.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Sewer Fund operates the City's sewer system.

The Water Fund operates the City's water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for equipment management services provided to other funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Custodial Funds are used to report resources that were contributed or collected for the benefit of others.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements—Continued

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

The City has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

The component units' cash and investments are maintained within the City's investment pool.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased in the business-type activities.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Enterprise Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Leases

For noncancellable agreements that qualify as leases for which the City is a lessor, the City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements for each lease.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payment received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate is used to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases receivable.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Years
Land improvements	10-20
Buildings and improvements	10-35
Furniture, vehicles and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure and shared improvements	10-50

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City also reports unavailable revenues from one source: leases. These amounts are long-term leases entered into by the City in which the City is the lessor. These amounts are recognized as revenue over the term of the lease obligations.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts of net position to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitation on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by formal action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by formal action remains in place until a similar action is taken (another formal action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied and liened on July 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollected real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the City to the County for collection. The County advances the City all of these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City. The City recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses—Continued

Property Taxes—Continued

The 2023 state taxable value for real/personal property of the City totaled approximately \$69,330,000 of which approximately \$51,625,000 was captured by the component units. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 17.75 mills for the City's operating purposes. This amount is recognized in the General Fund with the capture amounts shown in the TIFA and LDFA component units.

Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Any vacation which has not been used during the calendar year will be transferred to the employee's paid sick day's accumulation at the end of the year. Upon termination, employees are paid for one-half of their accrued sick days as separation pay. If an employee dies, the full amount of accrued sick days will be paid to the employee's designated beneficiary. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month of employment. Employees may accrue unused sick days up to a maximum of 156 hours. On the last day of November of any calendar year, employees may elect to be paid for one-half of the unused sick days which they accumulated during the year (up to a maximum payment of six days).

The liability for these compensated absences is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

Appropriations in all budget funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

June 30, 2024

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investment Risks

Interest Rate Risk

The City's formal investment policy limits investment maturities to two years or less based upon the type of investment.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, \$5,626,648 of the City's bank balance of \$6,431,168 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The City does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign Currency Risk

The City is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Restricted Assets

Restrictions are placed on assets by bond ordinance and City Council action. At June 30, 2024, cash and investments in the enterprise funds are restricted as follows:

Business-type activities

Water Fund	
Bond and interest redemption	\$ 163,380
Repair and replacement	249,094
	412,474
Sewer Fund	
Bond reserve	94,967
Repair and replacement	196,245
	291,212
	\$703,686

June 30, 2024

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Restricted Assets—Continued

After meeting the operation and maintenance and bond and interest redemption requirements of the bond ordinances, all remaining revenues of the system are to be paid to the bond reserve accounts until a sum equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds has been accumulated. These amounts were achieved, as required.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 425,690	\$ 68,147	\$ -	\$ 493,837
Construction in progress		33,265	-	33,265
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	425,690	101,412	-	527,102
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,564,380	11,954	-	1,576,334
Buildings and improvements	1,555,149	326,257	-	1,881,406
Furniture, vehicles and equipment	1,625,364	158,760	129,608	1,654,516
Infrastructure	4,413,374	333,183	-	4,746,557
Shared improvements	1,824,584	-	-	1,824,584
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,982,851	830,154	129,608	11,683,397
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,386,653	40,801	-	1,427,454
Buildings and improvements	1,091,298	35,650	-	1,126,948
Furniture, vehicles and equipment	1,084,268	127,211	79,782	1,131,697
Infrastructure	2,183,403	280,937	-	2,464,340
Shared improvements	1,824,584	-	-	1,824,584
Total accumulated depreciation	7,570,206	484,599	79,782	7,975,023
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	3,412,645	345,555	49,826	3,708,374
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,838,335	\$ 446,967	\$ 49,826	\$ 4,235,476

June 30, 2024

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 429,500 30,000	\$ - 226,354	\$ - -	\$ 429,500 256,354
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	459,500	226,354	-	685,854
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Sewer system	13,609,830	-	-	13,609,830
Water system	9,630,056	-	-	9,630,056
Equipment	304,446	-	-	304,446
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,544,332	-	-	23,544,332
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Sewer system	5,446,880	271,141	-	5,718,021
Water system	3,760,499	226,356	-	3,986,855
Equipment	273,573	2,832	-	276,405
Total accumulated depreciation	9,480,952	500,329	-	9,981,281
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,063,380	(500,329)	-	13,563,051
Capital assets, net	\$ 14,522,880	\$ (273,975)	\$ -	\$14,248,905
Depreciation Depreciation expense has been charged to fund Governmental activities:	ctions as follows:			
General government				\$ 43,160
Public safety				924
Public works				301,246
Culture and recreation				25,066
Internal Service Fund depreciation is char	rged to the			·
various programs based on their usage of	of the assets			114,203
				\$ 484,599
Business-type activities:				
Sewer				\$ 273,614
Water				226,715
				\$ 500,329

June 30, 2024

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2024			
Component units:	-									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Tax Increment Finance Authority										
Land	\$	145,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$	145,733		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Tax Increment Finance Authority										
Building and improvements		2,423,721		6,405		-		2,430,126		
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Tax Increment Finance Authority										
Buildings and improvements		876,363		46,607		-		922,970		
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated, net		1,547,358		(40,202)				1,507,156		
Capital assets, net	\$	1,693,091	\$	(40,202)	\$		\$	1,652,889		
Depreciation										
Depreciation expense has been charged to fund	ction	s as follows:								
Community and economic development							\$	46,607		

NOTE E—INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Major Streets Fund transferred \$20,000 to the Local Streets Fund for capital projects.

Component unit transactions:

The TIFA and LDFA contributed the following amounts to the City for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Governmental Activities
Capital activities	
TIFA	\$ 672,619
Operating activities	
TIFA	33,000
LDFA	10,000
	\$715,619

June 30, 2024

NOTE F—LEASES

Leases Receivable

The City leases space on their water tower to a telephone company. The five-year agreement was signed in July 2020 and has two five year options which are expected to be exercised. The agreement calls for monthly payments \$3,155 during the initial period. Monthly rent to increase by ten percent at each renewal period. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized rental income and interest income related to the above lease of \$29,637 and \$8,219, respectively.

The future minimum payments to be received for this lease are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities									
June 30	I	Principal	Interest							
2025	\$	30,190	\$	7,666						
2026		34,571		7,071						
2027		35,216		6,426						
2028		35,873		5,769						
2029		36,542		5,100						
Thereafter		255,819		14,853						
	\$	428,211	\$	46,885						

June 30, 2024

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issues bonds, notes and other contractual commitments to provide for infrastructure, the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities and for the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1,					Balance June 30,	Due Within		
		2023	A	dditions	R	eductions	2024	One Year	
Governmental activities:									
Notes from direct borrowings									
and direct placements	\$	6,533	\$	-	\$	5,224	\$ 1,309	\$	1,309
Compensated absences		58,980		65,940		58,704	66,216		52,000
Governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	65,513	\$	65,940	\$	63,928	\$ 67,525	\$	53,309
Business-type activities:									
Public placement debt									
Revenue bonds	\$	7,006,000	\$	-	\$	183,000	\$ 6,823,000	\$	187,000
General obligation bonds		271,000		-		29,000	242,000		29,000
Compensated absences		33,256		22,991		25,862	30,385		23,800
Business-type activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	7,310,256	\$	22,991	\$	237,862	\$ 7,095,385	\$	239,800
Component units:									
Public placement debt									
Tax Increment Bonds	\$	1,040,000	\$	_	\$	140,000	\$ 900,000	\$	140,000
Discount		(10,358)				(1,594)	 (8,764)		
Component units									
long-term liabilities	\$	1,029,642	\$		\$	138,406	\$ 891,236	\$	140,000

The business-type activities revenue bonds are secured by revenues of the City. If the City defaults, the bonds are callable.

The governmental activities notes from direct borrowings and direct placements are comprised of a capital lease.

June 30, 2024

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Revenue bonds, tax increment bonds, and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements consist of the following:

	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Balance
Governmental activities:			
Notes from direct borrowings			
and direct placements	0.0%	August 2025	\$ 1,309
Public Placement Debt			
Business-type activities:			
Bonds:			
2021 Water Supply System Revenue bonds	1.31% to 2.8%	August 2043	\$ 1,100,000
2013 Water Supply System Bonds	2.125%	August 2053	2,507,000
2021 General Obligation Limited Tax bond	.61% to 1.41%	August 2031	242,000
2021 Sewage Disposal System Revenue bonds	1.31% to 2.8%	August 2043	965,000
2018A Sanitary Sewer System Bonds	2.125%	August 2058	1,358,000
2018B Sanitary Sewer System Bonds	2.375%	August 2058	893,000
			\$ 7,065,000
Component units:			
Limited tax development:			
2019 Tax Increment Refunding Bonds	1.85%	June 2030	\$ 900,000

For governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The City was in compliance in all material respects with all the revenue bond ordinances at June 30, 2024.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for public placement debt and for direct borrowings and direct placements outstanding as of June 30, 2024 follow:

	G	overnmen:	tal Activ	ities	Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Component Units					
Year Ending	Note	s from Dir	ect Borr	owings	Public Place	e me i	nt Debt		Public Plac	e me nt	Debt		
June 30,	Pr	incipal	Inte	rest	Principal		Interest		Principal	I	nterest		
2025	\$	1,309	\$	_	\$ 216,000	\$	151,990	\$	140,000	\$	15,355		
2026		-		-	218,000		148,238		145,000		12,719		
2027		-		-	223,000		144,414		150,000		9,990		
2028		-		-	228,000		140,334		150,000		7,215		
2029		-		-	232,000		136,126		155,000		4,394		
2030-2034		-		-	1,173,000		607,711		160,000		1,480		
2035-2039		-		-	1,210,000		477,011		-		_		
2040-2044		-		-	1,371,000		324,324		-		_		
2045-2049		-		-	830,000		194,932		-		_		
2050-2054		-		-	928,000		99,738		-		_		
2055-2059				-	 436,000		24,642		-		_		
	\$	1,309	\$	_	\$ 7,065,000	\$	2,449,460	\$	900,000	\$	51,153		

June 30, 2024

NOTE H—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City manages its liability and property risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool (MMLPP), a public entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMLPP for its insurance coverage. The MMLPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund (MMWCF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMWCF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, created the Newaygo Community Recreation Authority (NCRA) to operate recreation programs in the area. The Authority is comprised of two members from each participating entity. The NCRA board annually assesses participating entities in projected amounts required to subsidize the Authorities' annual operations.

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, created the Newaygo Fire District Command Board to operate a community wide fire protection services. The District is governed by a seven member board and was incorporated under the provisions of MCLA #321 in Michigan for the purpose of providing fire protection and rescue services for the three participating municipalities. The Board annually assesses participating entities in projected amounts required to subsidize the annual operations.

June 30, 2024

NOTE H—OTHER INFORMATION—Continued

Commitments

The City has several contracts for streets and other construction projects as of June 30, 2024 with a remaining amount of \$216,573. These commitments are to be paid out of available funds as follows:

Fund	A	Amount			
Major Streets	\$	9,285			
TIFA		20,069			
Sewer		39,962			
Water		147,257			
	\$	216,573			

NOTE I—PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plans

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time salaried employees through the City of Newaygo Administrative Plan (a defined contribution plan). In the defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Salaried employees, who have attained the age of 18, have completed ninety days of service shall be eligible to participate in the plan. The plan requires the City to contribute an amount equal to 8 percent of the employee's annual compensation each plan year and employees can irrevocably elect to contribute 2 percent of their annual compensation. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The plan administrator is ICMA-Retirement Corporation. For fiscal year 2024, the City's total contribution was approximately \$34,300, and the employee contributions were approximately \$8,600.

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time hourly employees through the City of Newaygo Hourly Employees Retirement Plan (a defined contribution plan). In the defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Hourly employees, who have attained the age of 18, have completed ninety days of service shall be eligible to participate in the plan. The plan requires the City to contribute an amount equal to 8 percent of the employee's annual compensation each plan year and employees can irrevocably elect to contribute 2 percent of their annual compensation. Hourly employees are 20 percent vested in the City contributions and earnings allocated to the employee account for each year of service. Any forfeitures are reallocated to participants with the regular contribution. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The plan administrator is ICMA-Retirement Corporation. For fiscal year 2024, the City's total contribution was approximately \$56,600 and the employee contributions were approximately \$14,000. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions and become vested in the City's contributions and earnings on the City's contributions by 20 percent for each full year of service, leaving employees fully vested after five years of service. Nonvested City contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2024, there were no forfeitures.

June 30, 2024

NOTE I—PENSION PLANS—Continued

Retirement Health Savings Account

The City offers its employees a retirement health savings account which is a defined contribution plan administered by ICMA. The plan, available to all full time City employees, can only be used to fund health care costs during retirement. The plan requires the City to contribute certain excess compensated absences amounts to the plan each year. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's contribution to the plan was approximately \$18,500.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The Plan has created a trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries under rules provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 401(f).

NOTE J—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

General Fund

The City's General Fund property tax revenue growth is limited due to the TIFA and LDFA, which capture property tax value increases. The General Fund's property tax value captured by the TIFA and LDFA is approximately 75 percent of the City's property tax value base. Property tax revenues represent approximately 20 percent of the General Fund's revenues.

NOTE K—TAX ABATEMENTS

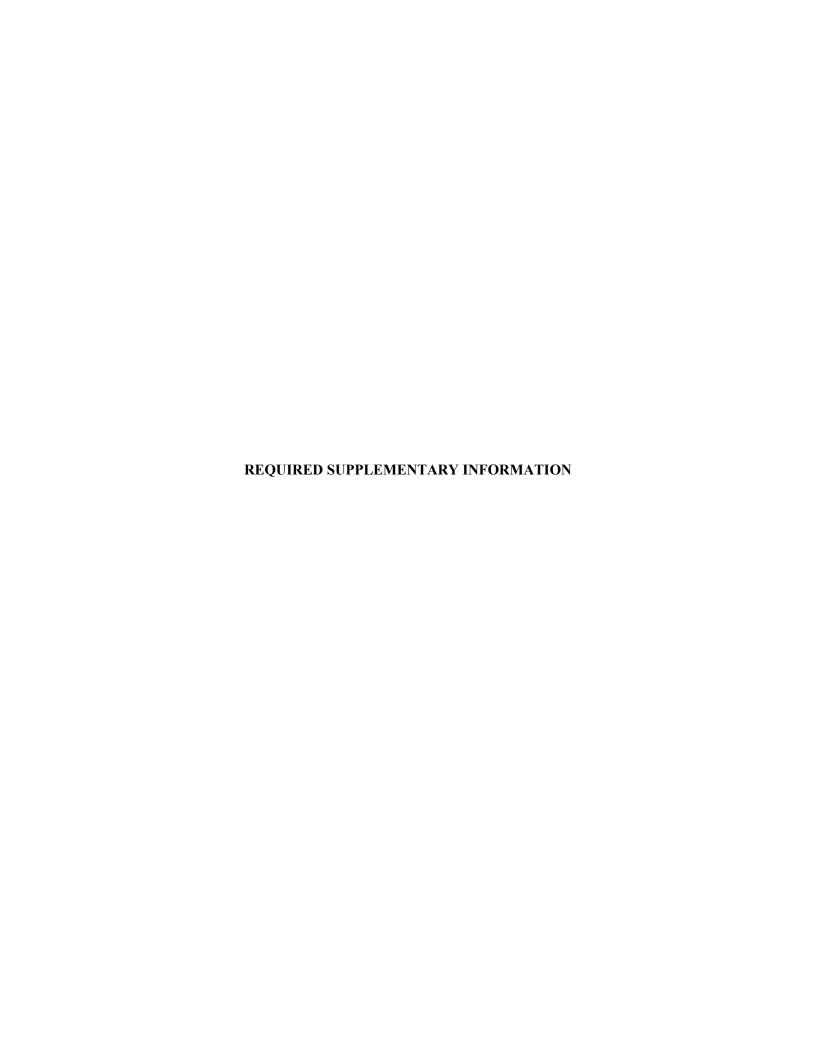
The City entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemptions or IFTs) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. The IFTs provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at half the local property tax millage rate applicable to other real and personal property in the City for a term of one to twelve years as determined by the City.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City abated property taxes revenues totaling \$70,000 under this program.

NOTE L—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2024, the City entered into contracts with various third parties to perform parking lot improvements for approximately \$95,000. These improvements are expected to be funded with TIFA revenues and fund balance from the Capital Projects Fund.

The City also entered into contracts with various third parties to construct water system improvements for approximately \$2,555,000. These projects are expected to be funded with grant funds of \$689,500 and debt issuances of \$1,200,000. The remainder of the projects are expected to be funded with Water Fund revenues.

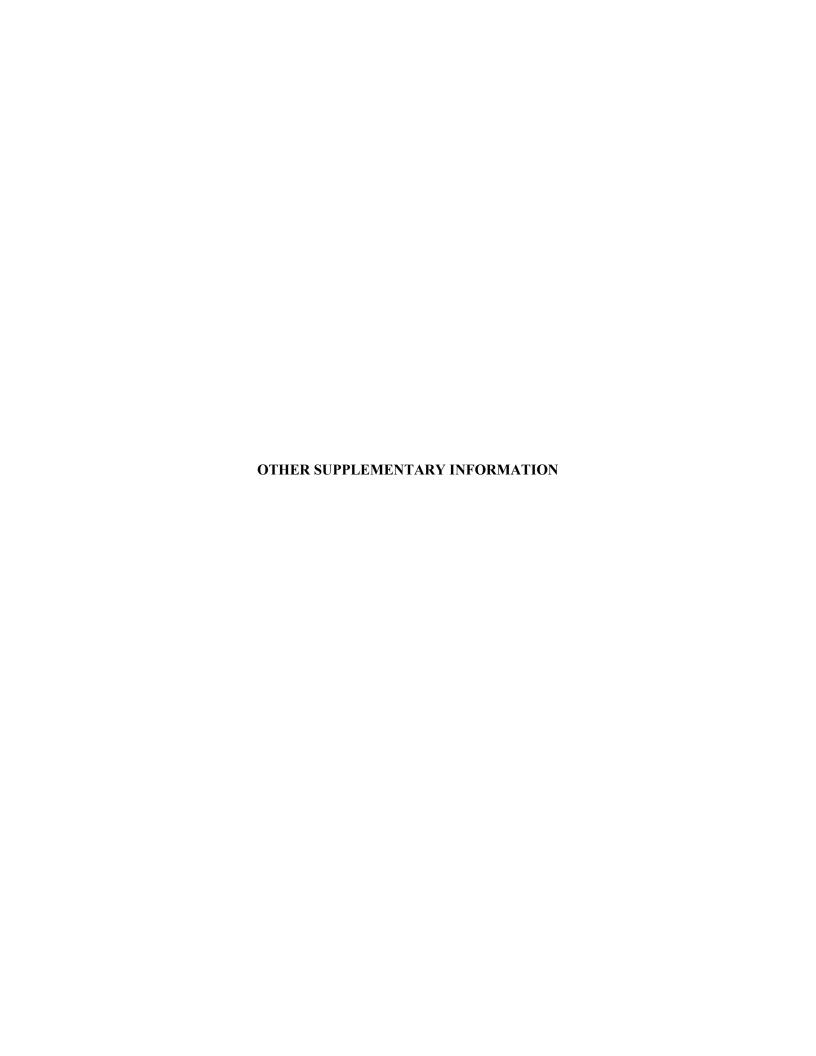


City of Newaygo Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 319,000	\$ 344,000	\$ 347,763	\$ 3,763		
Licenses and permits	26,500	26,500	25,095	(1,405)		
Intergovernmental revenues						
Federal	3,400	3,400	3,116	(284)		
State	355,500	390,500	388,634	(1,866)		
Local	431,000	511,425	537,578	26,153		
Charges for services	294,052	318,850	322,117	3,267		
Fines and forfeitures	17,500	17,500	13,232	(4,268)		
Investment earnings	13,500	41,500	39,935	(1,565)		
Other	43,000	68,575	86,980	18,405		
Total revenues	1,503,452	1,722,250	1,764,450	42,200		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government						
City Council	33,268	79,568	72,144	7,424		
City manager	53,275	53,275	45,150	8,125		
Elections	6,000	6,000	5,106	894		
Board of review	1,275	1,275	900	375		
Clerk	33,962	33,962	30,831	3,131		
Treasurer	49,891	49,891	45,947	3,944		
Assessor	23,800	27,500	25,168	2,332		
Attorney	40,000	80,000	73,799	6,201		
City offices	153,623	175,600	160,145	15,455		
Cemetery	94,910	94,910	67,745	27,165		
Public safety						
Law enforcement	652,864	730,700	719,916	10,784		
Public works	235,947	290,500	269,472	21,028		
Community and economic development						
Planning	7,000	27,000	23,846	3,154		
Culture and recreation						
Parks	136,093	177,200	175,535	1,665		
Capital outlay		6,300	6,293	7		
Total expenditures	1,521,908	1,833,681	1,721,997	111,684		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (18,456)	\$ (111,431)	42,453	\$ 153,884		
Fund balance at beginning of year			942,856			
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 985,309			

City of Newaygo Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Major Streets Fund For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues								
State	\$	309,000	\$	374,738	\$	386,372	\$	11,634
Local		-		-		69,792		69,792
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000		20,584		15,584
Other		25,000		90,738		180		(90,558)
Total revenues		339,000		470,476		476,928		6,452
EXPENDITURES								
Current		212.052		407.461		201.062		104200
Public works		313,053		485,461		381,062		104,399
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		25,947		(14,985)		95,866		110,851
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(20,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	5,947	\$	(34,985)		75,866	\$	110,851
Fund balance at beginning of year						655,215		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	731,081		



City of Newaygo COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

								(Capital
	To	otal Other		pecial Re	evenue Funds			Proj	ects Fund
	Gov	vernmental	Local	P	rincipal	Building			Disc
	Funds		 Streets	Shopp	oing District	Ins	pection	Golf	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	413,041	\$ 361,524	\$	25,705	\$	5,500	\$	20,312
Accounts receivable		4,373	-		1,589		2,784		-
Due from other governmental units		16,855	16,855		-		-		_
Total assets	\$	434,269	\$ 378,379	\$	27,294	\$	8,284	\$	20,312
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	20,519	\$ 16,692	\$	1,364	\$	2,463	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		1,332	1,232		-		100		
Total liabilities		21,851	17,924		1,364		2,563		-
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted									
Streets and highways		360,455	360,455		-		-		-
Capital projects		20,312	-		-		-		20,312
Shopping district		25,930	-		25,930		-		-
Building inspection		5,721	-		-		5,721		
Total fund balances		412,418	360,455		25,930		5,721		20,312
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	434,269	\$ 378,379	\$	27,294	\$	8,284	\$	20,312

City of Newaygo COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2024

	To	tal Other	S		Capital Projects Fund				
	Gov	vernmental Funds	 Local Streets	Pri	Principal ping District		uilding spection	Disc Golf	
REVENUES	-	Tunus	 Streets	эпоррг	ing District		spection	-	Gui
Intergovernmental revenues—State	\$	105,127	\$ 105,127	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Charges for services		98,280	_		50,053		48,227		-
Investment earnings		10,966	10,032		934		-		-
Other	·	33,245	33,245		-		-		-
Total revenues		247,618	148,404		50,987		48,227		-
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public works		193,702	140,641		53,061		-		-
Community and economic development		50,405	-		-		50,405		-
Capital outlay		12,424	-		-		-		12,424
Total expenditures		256,531	140,641		53,061		50,405		12,424
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(8,913)	7,763		(2,074)		(2,178)		(12,424)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in	·	20,000	20,000		-		-		
Net change in fund balances		11,087	27,763		(2,074)		(2,178)		(12,424)
Fund balances at beginning of year		401,331	332,692		28,004		7,899		32,736
Fund balances at end of the year	\$	412,418	\$ 360,455	\$	25,930	\$	5,721	\$	20,312